# How to best shape teacher policies?

### Informal Meeting of Ministers of Education

25-26 June 2014 Tokyo





#### **TALIS in Brief**



Over 100 thousand randomly selected lower secondary teachers and their school leaders from over 6500 schools



..representing more than 4 million teachers in 34 countries...



...took an internationally-agreed survey about the working conditions and learning environments in their schools...

...responding to questions about their background, their teaching practices, support and development, their relationships with colleagues and students and the leadership in their schools

#### **Participating countries**



\*Note: TALIS only runs in a sub-national entity of the following countries: Belgium (Flemish Community), Canada (Alberta), United Arab Emirates (Abu Dhabi) and United Kingdom (England). This map is for illustrative purposes and is without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory covered by this map.

#### TALIS seeks to help with ...

Improve the societal view of teaching as a profession

Recruit top candidates into the profession

Developing Teaching as a profession

Retain and recognise effective teachers – path for growth Support teachers in continued development of practice

# **Education Reform Trajectories**

	Student inclusion	The modern enabling system
Some students learn at high levels	All stud	dents need to learn at high levels
Curriculum, instruction and assessment		
Routine cognitive skills, rote learni	ng Learning to	learn, complex ways of thinking, ways of working
Teacher quality		
Few years more than secondary	High-level	professional knowledge workers
Work organisation		
'Tayloristic', hierarchical		Flat, collegial
Accountability		
Primarily to authorities	Pri	imarily to peers and stakeholders

#### Teachers' perceptions of the value of teaching



# Countries where teachers believe their profession is valued show higher levels of student achievement

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Relationship between lower secondary teachers' views on the value of their profession in society and the country's share of top mathematics performers in PISA 2012



### **SESSION 1**

How do we develop 21<sup>st</sup> century teachers to prepare 21<sup>st</sup> century learners?

### **Evolution of employment in occupational groups defined by problem-solving skills (PIAAC)**



### **Changes in the demand for skills** Trends in different tasks in occupations (United States)





Source: Autor, David H. and Brendan M. Price. 2013. "The Changing Task Composition of the US Labor Market: An Update of Autor, Levy, and Murnane (2003)." MIT Mimeograph, June.

#### Most teachers value 21<sup>st</sup> century pedagogies...

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who "agree" or "strongly agree" that:



#### ...but teaching practices do not always reflect that

12

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who report using the following teaching practices "frequently" or "in all or nearly all lessons"



## **Changes in instructional practice – PISA 2006-9**



#### **Teacher co-operation**

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who report doing the following activities at least once per month



#### **Drivers of job satisfaction**

The more frequently that teachers report participating the higher their level of The same is true in *collaborative practices* self-efficacy. for job satisfaction. with their colleagues, 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

# Not everywhere where induction programmes are accessible do teachers use them

Percentage of lower secondary teachers with less than 3 years experience at their school and as a teacher, who are working in schools with the following reported access to formal induction programmes, and their reported participation in such programmes



#### **Teachers' needs for professional development**

Percentage of lower secondary teachers indicating they have a high level of need for professional development in the following areas



#### **Barriers to professional development participation**

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who "agree" or "strongly agree" that the following elements represent barriers to their participation in professional development activities



# Participation in professional development and level of support received by teachers



#### Impact of professional development

Regardless of the content, **over 3/4 of teachers** report that...





...the *professional development* in which they have participated has had a *positive impact on their teaching*.

### A continuum of support

21

Make learning central, encourage engagement and responsibility

Be acutely sensitive to individual differences

Provide continual assessment with formative feedback

Be demanding for every student

Ensure that students feel valued and included and learning is collaborative

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# Find out more about TALIS at <u>www.oecd.org/talis</u>

- All national and international publications
- The complete micro-level database





an international research consortium

and remember: Without data, you are just another person with an opinion

> European Commission

# **Session 2**

How can we foster more effective teaching

#### **Distribution of class time**

Average proportion of time lower secondary teachers report spending on each of these activities in an average lesson





#### Teachers feedback : never received



27

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# **SESSION 3**

What can Ministers do to change teaching?

#### What teachers do beyond teaching

Average number of 60-minute hours teachers report spending on the following tasks in an average week



#### **Teachers and feedback**

On average across TALIS countries,



#### Feedback and change in behavior

31

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who report a "moderate" or "large" positive change in the following issues after they received feedback on their work



Average Japan



#### **33** Principals' working time

Average proportion of time lower secondary principals report spending on the following activities throughout the school year



#### Elements not included in principals' formal education

Percentage of lower secondary principals whose formal education did not include:



• Teacher training/education programme or course

Instructional leadership training or course

School administration or principal training programme or course

#### Lack of resources hindering the school's capacity for quality instruction

35

Percentage of lower secondary teachers whose school principal reports the following issues substantially hinder the school's capacity to provide quality instruction



#### Teachers' satisfaction with their working environment

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who "agree" or "strongly agree" with the following statements



#### Teachers' satisfaction with their profession

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who "agree" or "strongly agree" with the following statements



# Behavioural issues equate to lower job satisfaction, class size doesn't

Teachers' job satisfaction level following the number of students in the classroom in relation to the percentage of students with behavioural problems



#### Teachers' job satisfaction and experience

Teachers' job satisfaction level in lower secondary according to their total years of teaching experience



Years of experience as a teacher in total

#### **Teachers' satisfaction with their profession**

**40** 

Percentage of lower secondary teachers who "agree" or "strongly agree" with the following statements



#### Teachers' perceptions of the value of teaching



# Countries where teachers believe their profession is valued show higher levels of student achievement

Relationship between lower secondary teachers' views on the value of their profession in society and the country's share of top mathematics performers in PISA 2012



#### **Teachers' self-efficacy and experience**

Teachers' self-efficacy level in lower secondary according to their total years of teaching experience

![](_page_42_Figure_2.jpeg)

Years of experience as a teacher in total

![](_page_43_Picture_0.jpeg)

**44** 

For a majority of TALIS countries,

![](_page_43_Picture_2.jpeg)

Few countries attract the *most experienced teachers...* 

![](_page_43_Picture_4.jpeg)

...to the most *challenging schools*.

# Distribution of experienced teachers in more and less challenging schools

#### Schools with more than 30% of students from socioeconomically disadvantaged homes

Difference in the proportion of teachers with more than 5 years teaching experience who work in more challenging schools and those who do not

![](_page_44_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Figure_0.jpeg)

**46** 

### **Resilience in education**

### Increase average performance by 25 PISA points (Total 115 trillion \$)

![](_page_46_Figure_1.jpeg)

**48** 

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![](_page_47_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_5.jpeg)

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